

# Introducing...wiki

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# Overview

- A short Wiki History
- 6 Myths about wikis
- Context Matters/A model for wiki use & research
- Wikis in Education
- The technical perspective
- Wiki as authoring tools for OER



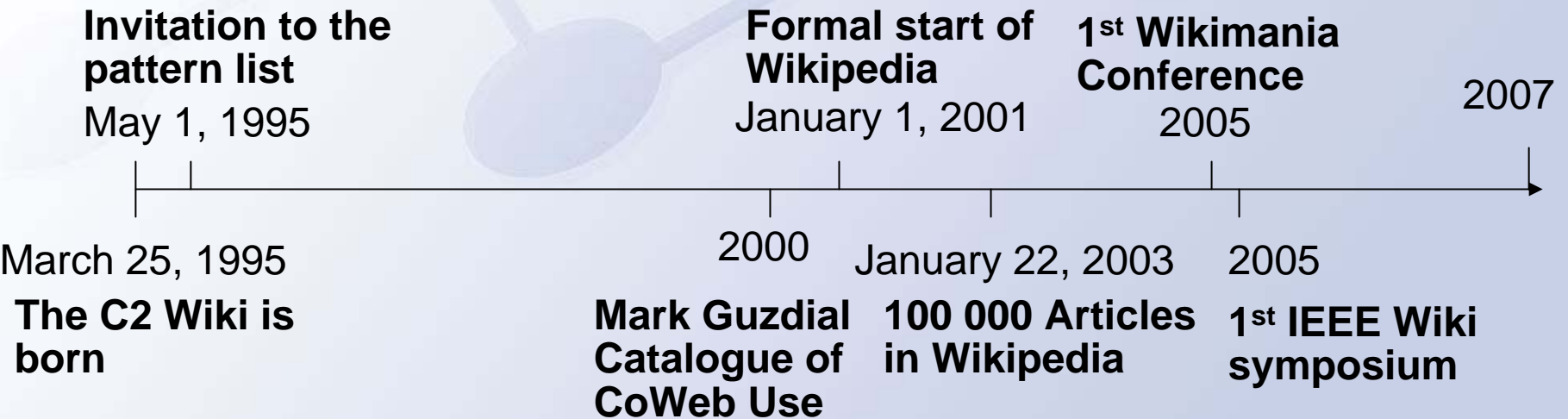
# Wiki?



# Wiki!



# A short wiki history



# 6 Myths about Wikis

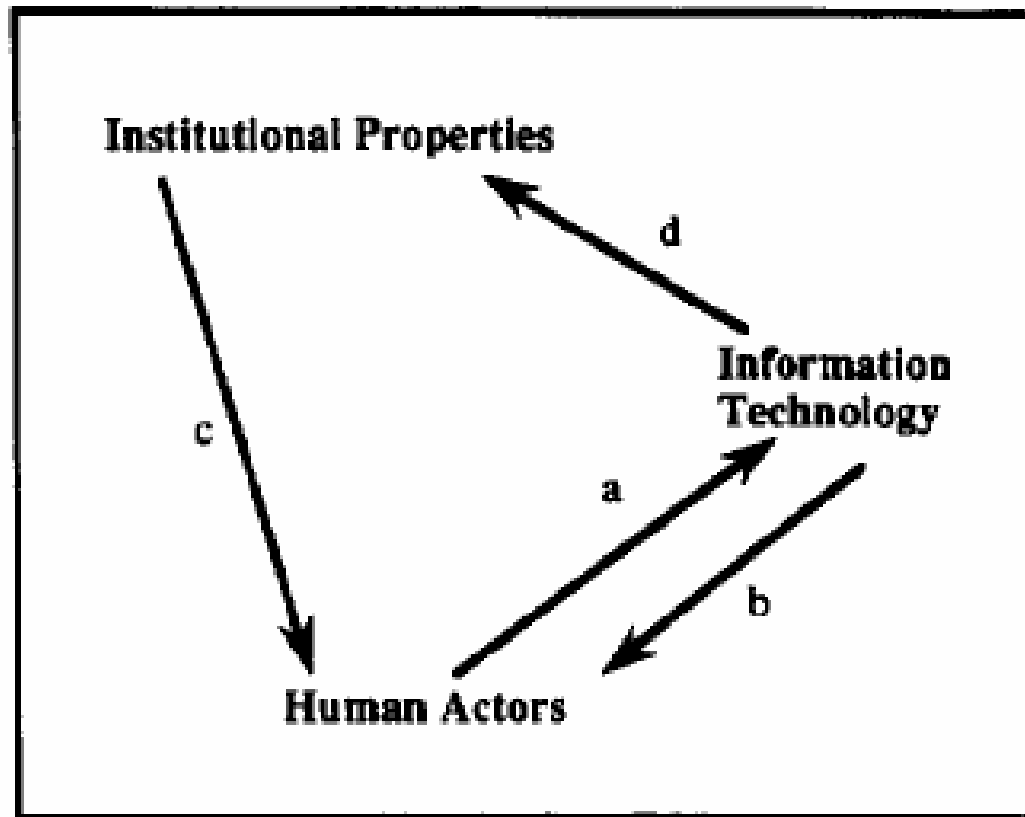
- 1.) All wikis work like Wikipedia
- 2.) A Wiki is the best software for every purpose
- 3.) Wikis are only used in non-commercial contexts
- 4.) Openness is holy
- 5.) WikiWords are nice
- 6.) Wikis provoke cooperation



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# Context Matters



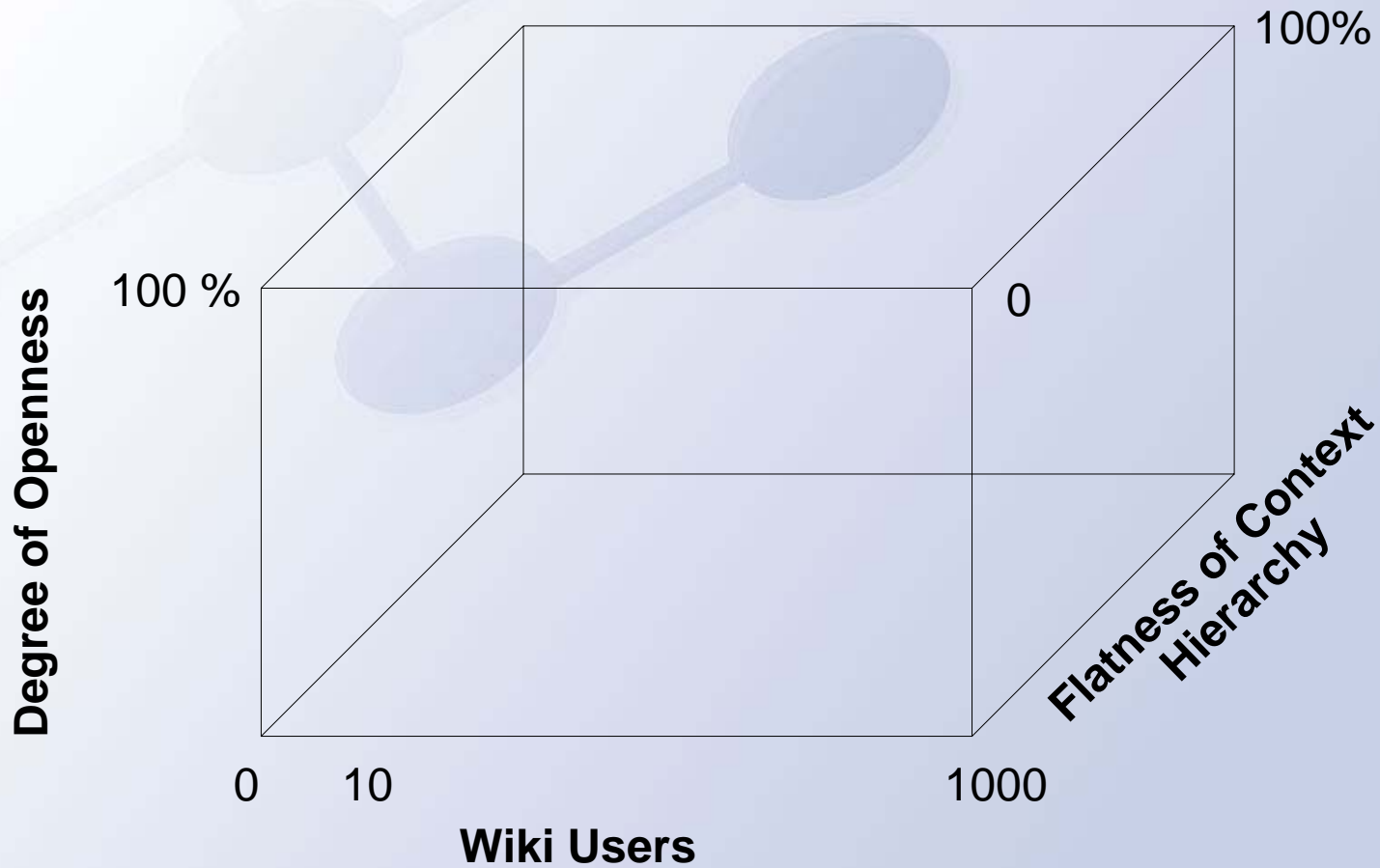
Orlikowski/Robey 1991: A Structural Model of Information Technology (vgl. Kalz 2005)



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# A model for wiki use & research



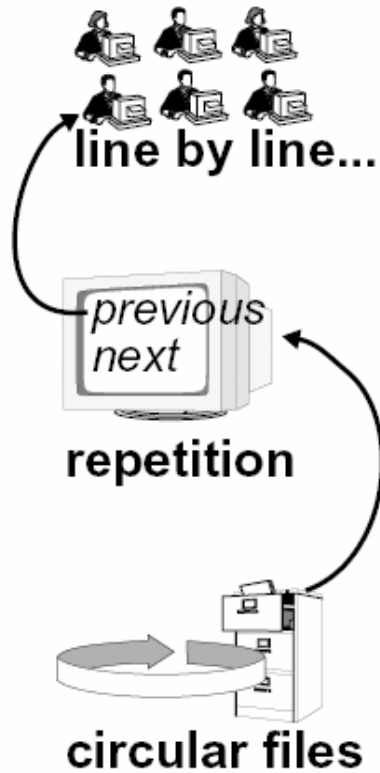
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# Wikis in Education (1/3)

## Transmissive pedagogies



- the computer as **facilitating structure**, as thinking, working & communication tool
- Support of student and teacher **activities** leading to **new "contents"**

## Activity-based pedagogics



# Wikis in Education (2/3)

Educational uses and Benefits	Issues
It provides a dynamic, collaborative web publishing environment.	Content is always or never authoritative as it can be changed at any time by anyone.
Anyone can change anything so it has the potential to change the dynamic between teacher/tutor and student.	Has specialised tagging that is different to HTML so requires an additional skill set.
Practice defines how the wikis work so teachers/tutors do not need to change what they do to meet the requirements of the system.	Concepts of ownership and authorship need to be rethought and control of content ceded by teachers/tutors to their students as peers.
Wiki systems retain edited versions of a page so that a history can be reviewed.	
Wiki software is largely free and open source.	

ACT 2005

# Wikis in Education (3/3)

## **PIM**

- Personal Knowledge Management
- Visualization of individual knowledge structures
- Living documents with versioning

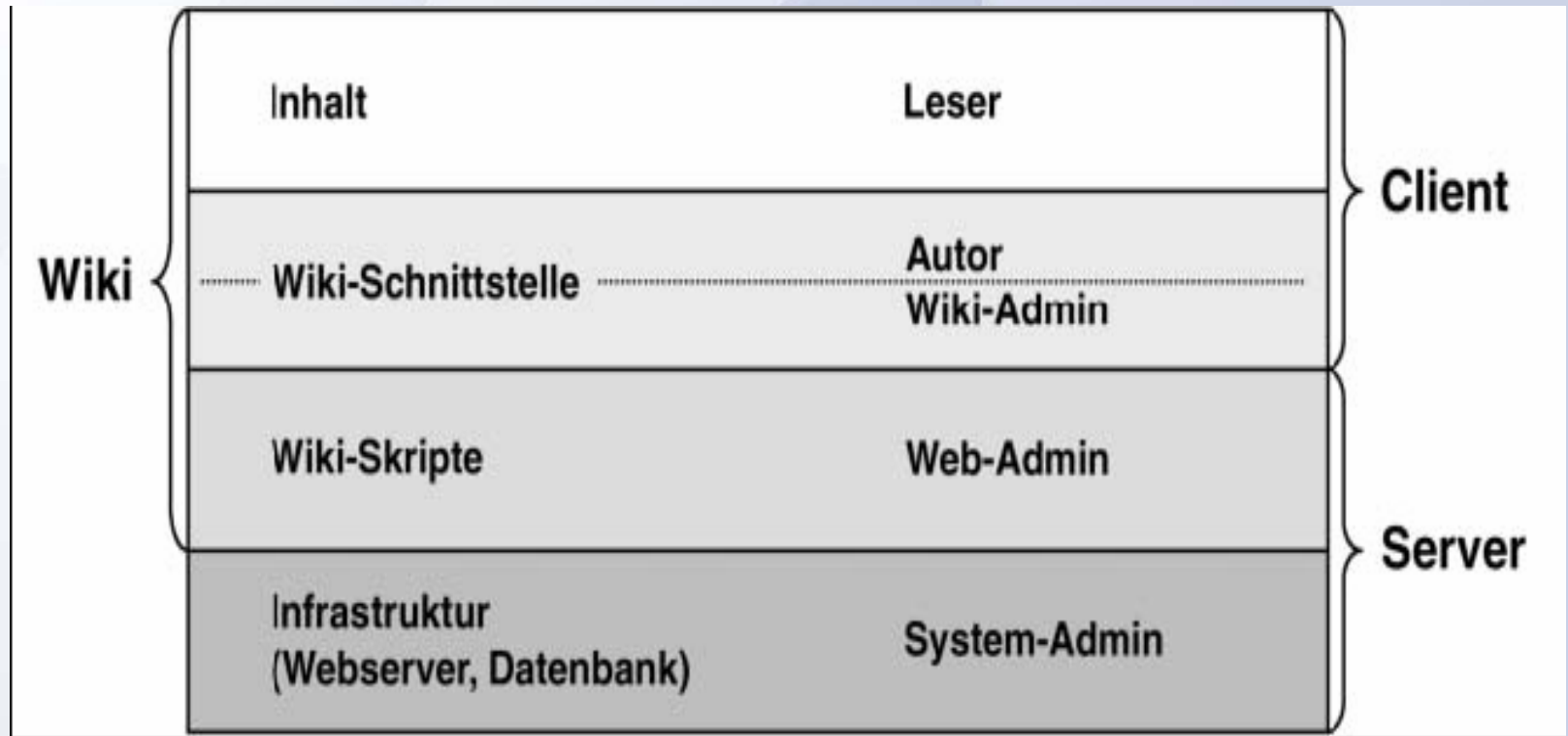
## **Knowledge Base**

- Repository for (tacit) knowledge in a group
- KB for a study program
- KB for a course

## **More examples (Klampfer 2005)**

- Wiki Based Brainstorming
- Projectmanagement
- WikiWeb-Quests
- Wikis as E-Portfolios

# The technical perspective (1/4)



Ebersbach 2005



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# The technical perspective (2/4)

Table 1 : Comparison of features of wiki implementations

	Language	Ease of Install	Version control	Access control	File attachments	Data storage
Tipiwiki	PHP	Easy	No	No	No	Flatfile, SQL
WikiAsp	ASP	Easy	No	No	No	MS Access
Kwiki	Perl/Cgi	Fair	Yes, as option	Yes, as option	Yes, as option	Filesystem
JSPWiki	JSP	Fairly easy	Yes, as option	No	Yes	Filesystem
Instiki	Ruby	Very easy	Yes	Basic	Yes, as option	Filesystem
Twiki	Perl/Cgi	Fair	Yes	Advanced	Yes	Filesystem
Perspective	.Net	Fair (XP SP2 issues)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Filesystem
MoinMoin	Python	Moderate	Yes	Yes (ACL)	Yes	Filesystem
TikiWiki	PHP	Hard	Yes	Advanced	Yes	Database

# The technical perspective (3/4)


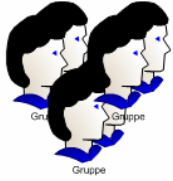


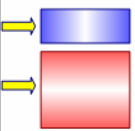


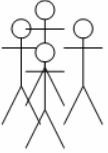


Table 2: Comparison of external features of wiki implementations

	<b>Syndication</b>	<b>Data export</b>	<b>Search</b>	<b>Locking</b>	<b>Suggested use</b>
Tipiwiki	No	No	Yes	No	Simple applications
WikiAsp	RSS	XML	Yes	Collision protection	Small scale sites
Kwiki	RSS option	Not default	Yes, as option	Collision protection	Midscale sites
JSPWiki	RSS	No	Yes	Yes	Small-medium scale sites
Instiki	RSS	XML, TeX, PDF	Yes	Yes	Small-medium scale sites
Twiki	Extensive	Yes, as option	Yes	Yes	Intranet/internet site
Perspective	RSS	No	Yes	Yes	Intranet (good Office integration)
MoinMoin	RSS	No	Yes	Yes	Small-medium scale sites
TikiWiki	Yes	Yes, eg PDF	Yes	Yes	Intranet CMS

Tonkin 2005

# The technical perspective (4/4)

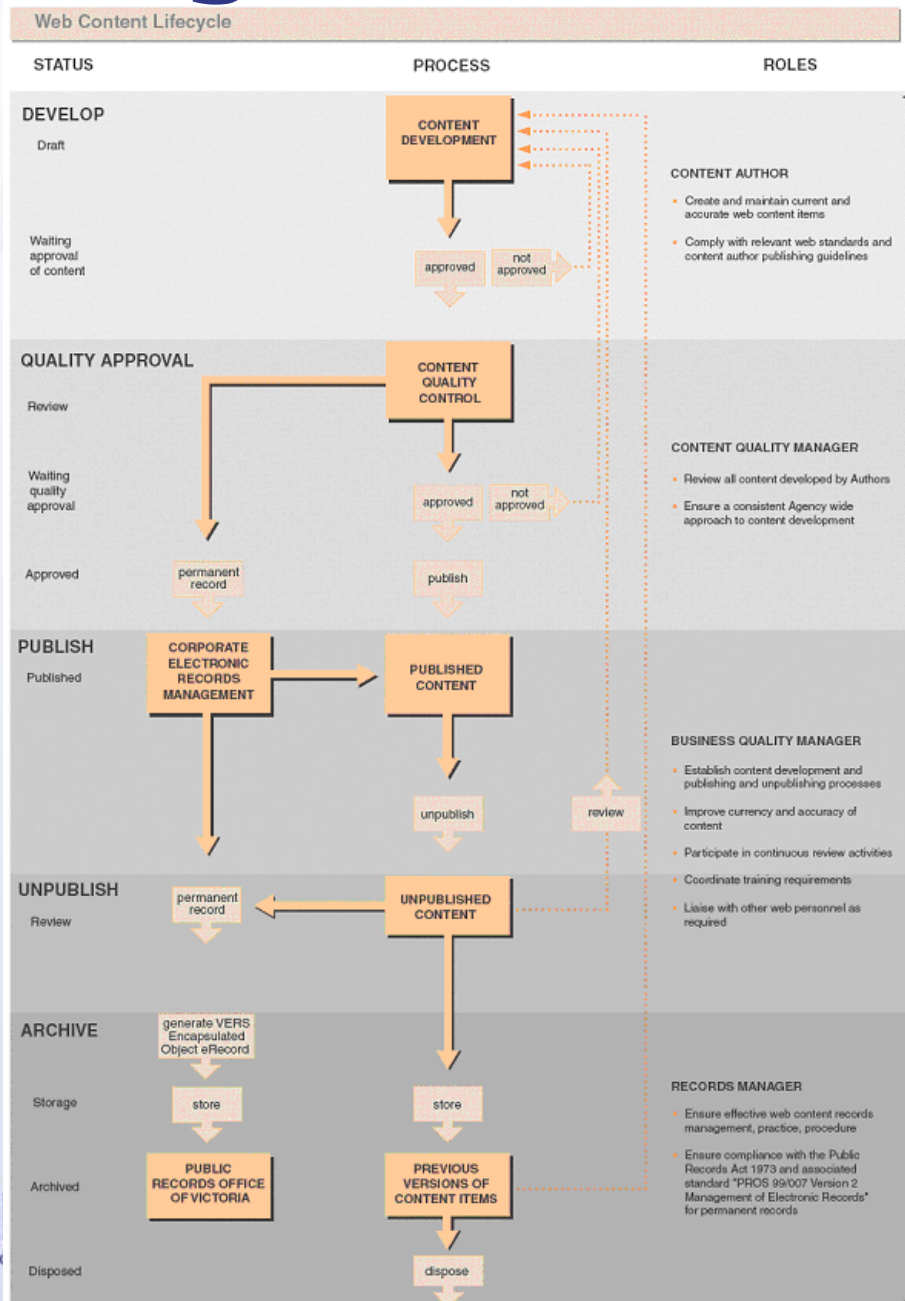
## Comparism between Weblogs and Wikis

Weblogs	Wikis
 Benutzer	 Gruppe
The author(s)	„1000 Monkeys Typing“
 User Roles and Rights-and-Access Management	 Soft Security
 Reverse chronological permanent entries, (Monthly) archives	 Link everything + Change everything = Living Documents
 1-to-Many in 1-to-1	 Many-to-Many
 Content and Style	 Form follows Content

The blogosphere is the magic that happens above blogs — the blogosphere is a community that might produce a work. Whereas a wiki is a work that might produce a community.

**Ward Cunningham,  
Wikisym 2005,  
17.10.2005**

# Authoring OER with Wikis (1/2)



Government of Victoria,  
AUS 2003



# Authoring OER with Wikis (2/2)

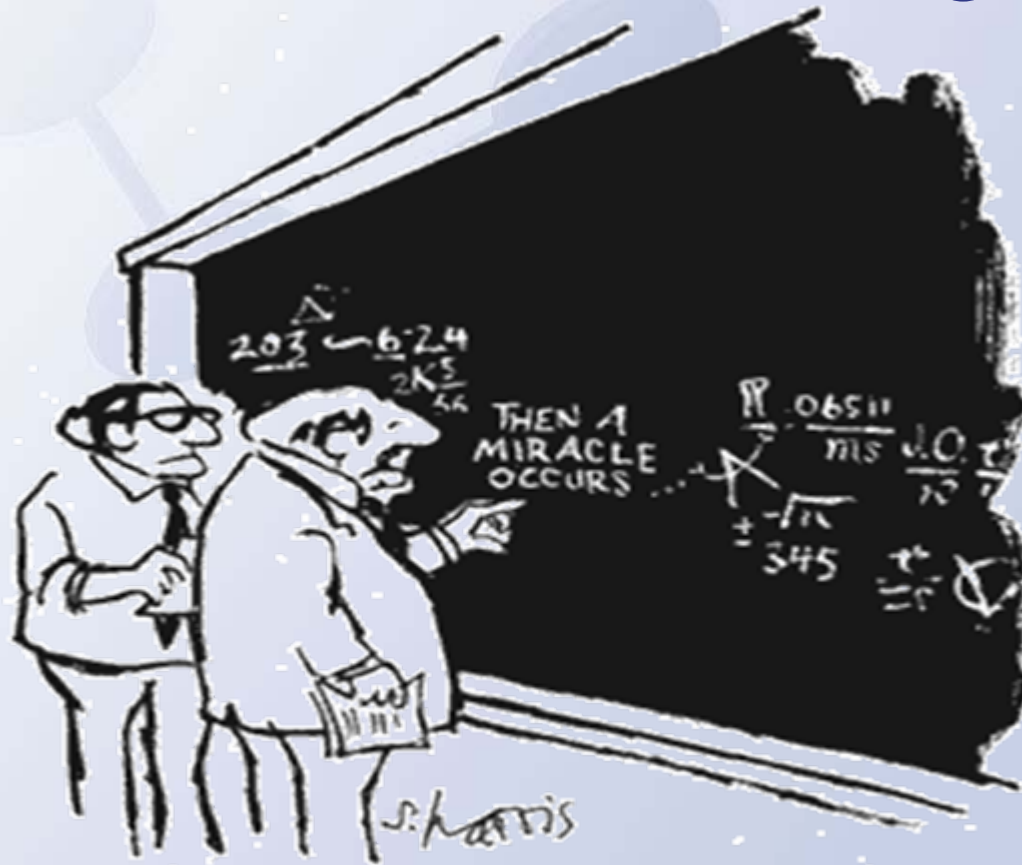
- Wikis support a special Web Content Lifecycle (different from most CMS)
- The authoring process is visible
- Wikis support individual authoring as well as group and mass authoring
- Wikis realize the read/write-web ideal that TBL had in mind when designing the WWW

# Discussion

- More (experimental) research about wikis
- Convergence with other tools
- Usability
- Should wiki really replace an LMS?
- How to author OER in wiki and use them in any LMS?



# Thanks for listening!



"I THINK YOU SHOULD BE MORE EXPLICIT HERE IN STEP TWO."



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