

Authoring Adaptive Hypermedia and IMS Learning Design: A possible understanding?

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Outline

- Motivation
- Issues
- Conclusion



Motivation

- Adaptive Educational Hypermedia (AEH) and IMS Learning Design (IMS LD) are different disciplines, and at present, there is little shared knowledge between them.
- goal is the same: create the best possible environment for a learner to perform his/her learning activities in.
- issue of differences and similarities in AEH (especially, in Authoring thereof), and IMS LD



LAOS

- Domain model
- Goal and Constraints model
- Presentation model
- User model
- Adaptation model



Adaptation Model: LAG

- Adaptation assembly language
- Adaptation language
- Adaptation strategies



IMS LD

Level A: basic structure: activities &

roles

- Level B: properties, conditions, calculations, global elements and a monitoring service
- Level C: notifications



LAOS at work:

- Players:
 - AHA!, WHURLE, Blackboard
- Authoring:
 - MOT, LAG language, LAG-XLS
- Engines:
 - AHA!, WHURLE, Blackboard



IMS LD at work:

- Players:
 - Reload project, CopperCore, Sled
- Authoring:
 - Reload project, CopperAuthor
- Engines:
 - netUniversité, CopperCore



Roles LAOS

- Author of DM / GM/ PM/ UM/ AM
- Manager of Authoring environment (less developed)
- User (Learner/ Buyer, etc.) of Product
- Manager of Learning environment (less developed)



Roles IMS LD

- Author
- Manager
- Player



Lifecycle LAOS

- Authoring DM, GM, PM, UM, AM
- Converting
- Playing



Lifecycle IMS LD

- Modelling
- publishing
- playing



Mutual benefits

- LAOS (most AEH authoring models) don't provide for explicit multiple roles for authors and learners (5 roles but: pedagogical rooting -> technical).
- IMS LD can benefit from a more explicit formulation of the adaptive behavior borrowed from LAOS, and especially, LAG
- IMS LD is believed to benefit from a clear distinction between LO contents and LO behavior (i.e., allowing the same object to behave differently in different settings; allowing pedagogical strategies to be exchanged the same way learning objects are)

Questions ...?